THE BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES REGISTRATION ACT, 1886 (VI OF 1886).

G. N., G. D., No. 624, dated 13th Feb. 1889, para. 1 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 124). S. 6

Under section 6 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to establish in the City of Bombay a General Registry Office for the purposes specified in the said section under the charge of the Registrar General of Births, Deaths and Marriages appointed for the territories under the administration of the Government of Bombay.

G. N., G. D., No. 3348, dated 25th Sept. 1888 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 771). S. 6 (1) (b)

In exercise of the power conferred by section 6, clause 1 (*b*), of Act VI of 1886, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Inspector-General of Registration and Stamps, Bombay, to be Registrar General of Births, Deaths and Marriages for the territories under the administration of the Government of Bombay.

G. N., G. D., No. 1878, dated 10th May 1895 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 579). S. 9

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the Sub-Registrar of Bombay under Act III of 1877 to certify, in the absence from the City of Bombay of the Registrar General of Births, Deaths and Marriages, copies of entries required by section 8 of the said Act to be given to persons applying for them.

G. N., G. D., No. 624, dated 13th Feb. 1889, para. 2 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 124). S. 12

Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 4421, dated 23rd October 1889.
Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 1732, dated 25th March 1908.
Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 481, dated 2nd October 1924.
Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 481, dated 4th December 1928.
Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 3144/33, dated 11th December 1939.
Amended by G. N., L. S. G. & P. H. D., No. 6008/33 (d), dated 16th January 1951.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is further pleased, under section 12 of the said Act, to make the following appointments—

(*a*) by virtue of their office, all persons appointed Registrars of Districts under the Indian Registration Act, 1877, to be Registrars of Births and Deaths for the local areas within their respective Districts;

(*b*) by virtue of their office, all persons appointed under the said Registration Act as Sub-Registrars or as Joint Sub-Registrars of the Sub-Districts mentioned in List A to be Registrars of Births and Deaths for the local areas respectively defined by the corresponding entries in the third column of the said list;

(*c*) by name, the Ministers of Religion mentioned in List B to be Registrars of Births and Deaths for the territories under the administration of the Government of Bombay.

A.—By virtue of office.

District.	Persons.	Local areas.
Bombay ...	Sub-Registrar of Bombay	State of Bombay.
	Joint Sub-Registrar of Bombay	
Ahmedabad ...	Joint Sub-Registrars, Ahmedabad ...	Ahmedabad District.
Broach and Panch Mahals.	Sub-Registrar, Broach	Broach, Ankleshwar, Jambusar and Vagra talukas of Broach and Panch Mahals District.
	Sub-Registrar, Godhra	Godhra, Dhond and Kalol talukas and Jhalod and Halol petas of Broach and Panch Mahals District.
Kaira ...	Sub-Registrar, Kaira	Kaira District.
Surat ...	Joint Sub-Registrars, Surat	Surat District.
Kolaba ...	Sub-Registrar, Alibag	Kolaba District.
Ratnagiri ...	Sub-Registrar, Ratnagiri	Ratnagiri District.
Thana ...	Sub-Registrar, Thana	Thana District.
Ahmednagar ...	Sub-Registrar, Ahmednagar	Ahmednagar District.
East Khandesh ...	Sub-Registrar, Jalgaon	East Khandesh District.
West Khandesh ...	Sub-Registrar, Dhulia	West Khandesh District.
Nasik ...	Sub-Registrar, Nasik	Nasik District.
Poona ...	Joint Sub-Registrars, Haveli	Poona District.
Satara ...	Joint Sub-Registrars, Satara	Satara North District.
Sholapur ...	Joint Sub-Registrars, Sholapur	Sholapur District.
Belgaum ...	Sub-Registrar, Belgaum	Belgaum District.
Bijapur ...	Sub-Registrar, Bijapur	Bijapur District.
Dharwar ...	Sub-Registrar, Dharwar	Dharwar District.
Kanara ...	Sub-Registrar, Karwar	Kanara District.
Bombay Suburban ...	Sub-Registrar, Bandra	Bombay Suburban District.
Sabar Kantha ...	Sub-Registrar, Himatnagar	Sabar Kantha District.
Banas Kantha ...	Sub-Registrar, Palanpur	Banas Kantha District.
Baroda ...	Sub-Registrar, Baroda	Baroda District.
Mehsana ...	Sub-Registrar, Mehsana	Mehsana District.
Amreli ...	Sub-Registrar, Amreli	Amreli District.
Satara South ...	Sub-Registrar, Sangli	Satara South District.
Kolhapur ...	Sub-Registrar, Karvir	Kolhapur.

B.—By Name.

G. N., G. D., No. 4422, dated 5th Nov. 1890 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 1114). S. 12

Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 1606, dated 4th April 1910.
Modified by G. N., G. D., No. 3083-A, dated 15th May 1912.
Modified by G. N., G. D., No. 481, dated 27th October 1921.
Modified by G. N., G. D., No. 481, dated 22nd February 1923.
Modified by G. N., L. S. G. & P. H. D., No. 1826/33, dated 4th June 1952.

Under Section 12 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Act, 1886, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following persons by virtue of their offices, as Registrars of Births and Deaths for the areas marked against their names :—

Station.	Designation.	Area of Jurisdiction.
	Church of England.	
* *	* *	*
* *	* *	*
Ahmedabad ...	Chaplain Christ's Church	Bombay Presidency.
Ahmednagar ...	Do.	Do.
Do. ...	The Missionary in charge Mission Church ...	Do.
Bandra ...	The Church Trustee, St. Stepen's Church ...	Do.
Belgaum ...	The Chaplain of Belgaum, Fort and Camp ...	Do.
Bijapur ...	The Clergyman or Officer in charge of Church Establishment.	Do.
Bhusaval ...	The Railway Chaplain in charge Church Establishment.	Do.
Bombay (St. Thomas' Cathedral).	The Senior Chaplain	Do.
Broach ...	The Clergyman or Officer in Charge St. Mathias' Church.	Do.
Bombay (Byculla) ...	Chaplain, Chirst Church	Do.
Bombay (Colaba) ...	Chaplain of the Church of St. John the Evangelist.	Do.
Dapoli ...	The Clergyman or Officer in charge St. John's Church.	Do.
*Devlali ...	The Clergyman or Officer in Charge St. John's Church.	Do.
Dharwar ...	Do.	Do.
Bombay (Girgaon) ...	The Clergyman in charge Mission Church ...	Do.

* These notifications are printed, *infra*.
This order is modified by Notn. No. 481, G.D., 27th Oct. 1921, printed below.

Station.	Designation.	Area of Jurisdiction.
	Church of England—contd.	
Ghorepuri ...	Chaplain	Bombay Presidency.
Igatpuri ...	The Railway Chaplain, St. Mathias' Church ...	Do.
Junnar ...	The Clergyman or Officer in charge Church Establishment.	Do.
Bombay (Kamathipura).	Do. St. Paul's Church ...	Do.
Karagav ...	Do. Church Establishment ...	Do.
Karwar ...	Do. do. ...	Do.
Kaira ...	Do. do. ...	Do.
Kirkee ...	Chaplain	Do.
Khadambe ...	The Clergyman or Officer in charge Church Establishment.	Do.
Khandala ...	Do. Christ Church ...	Do.
Lonavli ...	The Railway Chaplain in charge of Church Establishment.	Do.
Malegaon ...	The Clergyman or Officer in charge Church Establishment.	Do.
Bombay (Malabar Hill).	The Archdeacon in charge All Saints Church ...	Do.
Matheran ...	The Clergyman or Superintendent in charge St. Paul's Church.	Do.
Bombay (Mazgaon) ...	The Clergyman or Officer in charge St. Peter's Church.	Do.
Nasik ...	Do. Church Establishment	Do.
Panchgani ...	Do. do. ...	Do.
Poona (Panch Howds) ...	The Clergyman or Officer in charge of the Church of the Holy Name.	Do.
Bombay (Parel) ...	Do. St. Mary's Church	Do.
Poona ...	The Chaplain, St. Mary's Church	Do.
Do.	Do. St. Paul's Church	Do.
Do. ...	The Clergyman in charge of Church Mission Society.	Do.
Bombay (Prince's Dock)	The Harbour Chaplain, St. Nicholas Church ...	Do.
Purandhar ...	The Chaplain of St. Mary's Church, Poona, in charge Purandhar Church.	Do.
Ratnagiri ...	The Clergyman or Officer in charge Church Establishment.	Do.
Satara ...	The Chaplain, St. Thomas' Church	Do.
Sholapur ...	The Railway Chaplain, Christ Church ...	Do.

Station.	Designation.	Area of Jurisdiction.
	Church of England—concld.	
Surat ...	The Clergyman or Officer in charge Christ Church.	Bombay Presidency.
Thana ...	The Church Trustee in charge St. James' Church.	Do.
	Church of Scotland.	
Bombay ...	Minister for the time being in charge of any Baptismal or Burial Registers belonging to the station.	Bombay Presidency.
*	* * *	*
Poona ...	Minister for the time being in charge of any Baptismal or Burial Registers belonging to the station.	Bombay Presidency.
Kirkee ...	Do. do. ...	Do.
	Roman Catholic Vicars and Chaplains under the Archdiocese of Bombay.	
Bombay (Kalbadevi) ...	The Vicar of the Cathedral of Our Lady of Hope	Bombay Presidency.
Bombay (Mazgaon) ...	Do. of N. S. de Rozario	Do.
Bombay (Mazagaon) ...	Do. of St. Anne's	Do.
Bombay (Upper Mahim)	Do. of N. S. de Victoria's	Do.
Bandra ...	Do. of St. Peter's Church	Do.
Salsette (Juvem) ...	Do. of St. Joseph's Church ..	Do.
Trombay (Mane) ...	Do. of St. Anthony's Church ...	Do.
Salsette (Candoli) ...	Do. of N. S. de Assumption. ...	Do.
Salsette (Culvem) ...	Do. of the Cathedral of Sacred Heart Church.	Do.
Bombay (Colaba) ...	The Roman Catholic Chaplain ...	Do.
Bombay ...	The Vicar of Mount Carmel (Fort Chapel) ...	Do.
Bombay (Grant Road)	The Roman Catholic Chaplain ...	Do.
Ahmedabad ...	Do.	Do.
* *	* *	*
Bombay (Sewri) ...	The Municipal Registrar of Deaths ...	Bombay Presidency.

G. N., G. D., No. 3083-A, dated 15th May 1912 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 729). S. 12

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886 (VI of 1886), and in supersession of so much of Government Notification in the General Department, No. 4422, dated the 5th November 1890, as relates to the appointment of the clergyman or officer in charge Christ Church Mahableshwar, as Registrar of Births and Deaths for the area marked against his name, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Superintendent of Mahableshwar by virtue of his office, to be Registrar of Births and Deaths for Mahableshwar in the Satara District.

S .12

G. N., G. D., No. 481, dated 27th Oct. 1921 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 2779).

Modified by G. N., G. D., No. 481, dated 22nd February 1923.

Under section 12 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Act, 1886, and in modification of Government Notification No. 4422, dated the 5th November 1890, the Governor with the concurrence of his Ministers, is pleased to appoint the following persons, by virtue of their offices, as Registrars of Births and Deaths for the areas marked against their names :—

Station.	Designation.	Area of Jurisdiction.
Deolali ...	Cantonment Magistrate ...	Cantonment limits.
Manmad ...	Resident Magistrate	Nandgaon Taluka [Please see Notification No. 481, G. D., 22nd February 1923, printed below.]

S. 12

G. N., G. D., No. 481, dated 22nd Feb. 1923 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 405).

Under section 12 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act (VI of 1886) and in modification of Government Notification No. 481, dated the 27th October 1921, so far as it relates to the appointment of the Resident Magistrate, Manmad, as Registrar of Births and Deaths, the Governor with the concurrence of his Ministers is pleased to appoint the Mamlatdar of Nandgaon Taluka in Nasik District, by virtue of his office, to be the Registar of Births and Deaths having jurisdiction over the Nandgaon Taluka of the Nasik District.

S. 12

G. N., L. S. G. & P. H. D., No. 1826/33, dated 4th June 1952.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886, Government is pleased to cancel the appointments of Roman Catholic Clergymen as Registrars of Births and Deaths made under Government Notification, General Department, No. 4422, dated 5th November 1890, as amended by Government Notification No. 1606, dated 4th April 1910.

Ss. 26, 28 & 36.

G. of I., H. D., Notn. No. 1173, 19th July 1888, republished in G. N., G. D., No. 2600, dated 25th July 1888 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 622).

Amended by G. of I., H. D., Notn. No. 185, dated 27th July 1894.
Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 7224-A, dated 19th December 1911.
Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 8647, dated 4th February 1937.
Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 8647 (a), dated 13th August 1938.
Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 8647, dated 20th March 1939.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to publish the following rules made under sections 26, 28 and 36* of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, No. VI of 1886 :—

1. In these rules unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) " the Act " means the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886;

* The powers under these sections now vest in the State Government.

(2) "schedule" means a schedule to these rules;

(3) "Registrar-General" and "Registrar" mean respectively a Registrar-General of Births, Deaths and Marriages and a Registrar of Births and Deaths appointed under the Act; and

(4) "sign" used with reference to a person who is unable to write his name includes mark.

2. Notices of births and deaths shall be in the forms set forth in Schedule A and Schedule B, respectively.

3. Every such notice shall be signed by the person giving it and shall specify the capacity in which the person claims to be authorized to give it.

3-A. The notice shall be presented to the Registrar in person unless—

(*i*) the signature of the person giving the notice is known to the Registrar, or

(*ii*) the signature on the notice has been duly authenticated by (*a*) a Magistrate under his signature and official seal or (*b*) by a gazetted officer of Government whose signature is known to the Registrar.

4. Every such notice shall ordinarily be presented to the Registrar for the local area in which the birth or death occurred within three months of the date of the birth or death to which it refers, as the case may be:

Provided that the Registrar may, of his own authority for any reason which he considers sufficient, accept notice of a birth or death at any time within six months from the date of its occurrence and with the special sanction in writing of the Registrar-General after that time.

5. An appeal against an order of a Registrar refusing to register a birth or death on any other ground than that referred to in proviso (*a*) to section 19 of the Act shall lie to the Registrar-General who may in his discretion either confirm the order of the Registrar or direct him to register the birth or death.

6. Registers of births and deaths shall be kept in the forms set forth in Schedule C and Schedule D, respectively.

7. When a birth or death has occurred during a journey, or when a person giving notice of birth or death was compelled by duty or urgent necessity, or unavoidable accident to leave the local area in which such birth or death occurred so soon after its occurrence that he was unable to give the prescribed notice to the Registrar for that local area, any Registrar may receive notice of such birth or death and register the same as if it were a birth or death which had occurred within the local area for which he has been appointed.

8. The provisions of Rule 4, as to the time within which notice of a birth or death must be given, shall apply to every notice of a birth or death given under the circumstances described in the last foregoing rule.

9. In every case of a birth or death admitted to registration under Rule 7 the Registrar to whom the notice of the birth or death is given shall record in his register the reason why the notice was not given to the Registrar of the local area within which the birth or death occurred, and shall within one week from the date of the registration of the birth or death forward to the Registrar-General, and to the Registrar of the local area within which the birth or death occurred, a copy of the entry in the register relating to the birth or death.

Every Registrar shall paste into a book kept by him for the purpose all copies of entries received by him under this rule, and the book containing the copies shall be at all reasonable times open to inspection by any person desiring to inspect it.

10. The Registrar for any local area including a port may register any birth or death which has occurred on the high seas on board any ship arriving at such port :

Provided that notice of the birth or death is given to such Registrar within sixty days after the arrival of the ship.

In the notice of such birth or death and in the entry thereof in the register there shall be specified in lieu of the name of the place at which the name of the ship on which the event occurred and the name of the Commander of the ship and the approximate latitude and longitude of the ship's position at the time of the birth or death.

11. Every certificate of registration of a birth or death given by a Registrar under Section 23 of the Act shall be in the form set forth in Schedule E.

12. At the foot of every copy of an entry given under section 9 or section 25 of the Act there shall be written a certificate dated and subscribed by the Registrar-General or officer authorised under section 9 or by the Registrar as the case may be that the copy is a true copy of the entry.

13. Every Registrar shall keep in the form set forth in Schedule F a register of all certificates of registration and copies of entries given by him.

Every Registrar-General shall keep a register in a similar form of all copies given by him of entries in the certified copies of the registers sent to his office.

14. The copies of entries, births and deaths which Registrars are required by section 24 of the Act to send to the Registrar-General shall be certified in the form set forth in Schedule G, and shall be sent at intervals of three months on or as nearly as possible after the 1st January, April, July and October in each year.

Should no entries be made in a register during the preceding three months, a certificate to this effect shall be sent to the Registrar-General.

15. The indexes which are required by section 7 of the Act to be made of the certified copies of the registers of births, deaths and marriages sent to the office of the Registrar-General shall be in the forms set forth in Schedule H, Schedule I and Schedule J, respectively.

Every entry in an index shall be made alphabetically with reference to the initial letter of the name of the person indicated by the entry :

Provided that in the case of a person, who is not of European descent and whose name is not given, the entry in the index of certified copies of the registers of births shall be made with reference to the initial letter of the name of his father, with a note " child of " in the first column of the index.

Provided, further, that in the case of an illegitimate person whose paternity is not admitted and whose name is not given, the entry in the index of certified copies of the registers of births shall be made with reference to the initial letter of the name of his mother with a note " child of " in the first column of the index.

In the index of certified copies of entries of marriages, the names of both the husband and the wife must be indexed.

In the case of the person of European descent the initial letter will be the first letter of the surname ; and in the case of any other person the first letter of his name and not that of his rank, title or class.

16. A Registrar may, of his own motion, correct in manner prescribed in section 28 of the Act any error in form made in an entry of a birth or death in a register of births or register of deaths kept by him under the Act.

In every case in which an entry is corrected under this rule intimation thereof shall (if practicable) be communicated within one week from the date of the correction being made to the person who gave the notice of the birth or death.

17. When an error in substance in any entry of a birth or death in a register of births or register of deaths is asserted to have been made the Registrar may correct the error in manner prescribed in Section 28 of the Act on application made in writing and signed in the presence of two witnesses attesting the signature by any person authorised under section 20 or 21 as the case may be to give notice of the birth or death to which the entry relates :

Provided that the Registrar is satisfied that the application is well founded.

An appeal against an order of a Registrar under this rule refusing to correct an asserted error in an entry in a register shall lie to the Registrar-General who may in his discretion either confirm the order of the Registrar or direct him to correct the error.

18. Without the special sanction in writing of the Registrar-General an application for the correction of an entry in a register of births or register of deaths shall not be entertained after the expiration of one year from the date on which the notice of the birth or death was given.

19. The sums specified in Schedule K shall be the fees payable under the sections of the Act there referred to :

Provided that warrant officers and other ranks of the Armed Forces of the Union shall be exempted from the payment of such fees.

Provided further that a Department of the Government of Bombay shall also be exempt from the payment of such fees.

20. Every Registrar-General and every Registrar, who is a Government servant and not a minister of religion shall keep a register in the form set forth in Schedule L of all fees realized under these rules, and shall forward such fees at the end of each month to the nearest treasury to be credited to Government. The Treasury Officer shall give each Registrar a certificate of the amount so credited, and the Registrar shall send a copy of the certificate to the Registrar-General. Registrars who are not Government servants or who are ministers of religion may retain for their own use any fees which they may realize under these rules.

SCHEDULE A.

Notice of Birth.

To the Registrar of Births and Deaths for.....

I, (†) hereby give notice for the purposes of Section 19 of Act VI of 1886 that on (††) (‡‡) (§) the wife of (¶) gave birth to a male/famale child which has been named

§ is by race and by religion

¶ is by race and by religion

and by occupation.

For provisions of Section 20 of Act VI of 1886, see page *infra*.

I am qualified under Section 20 of Act VI of 1886 to give notice of this birth inasmuch as I.....

I have satisfied myself of the truth of all the facts above stated.

Date.

Signature.....

Occupation.....

Residence.....

When the signature of the person giving notice is not known to the Registrar, the following certificate should be filled up :—

I, ( ), being a Magistrate exercising jurisdiction/Gazetted officer of Government in the in Department, hereby certify that affixed his signature above in my presence and that the said is known to me.

Seal of the Magistrate

.....

.....

Signature and Designation of certifying Officer.

The following extracts from Act VI of 1886 and the Rules framed thereunder are printed below for public information:—

Act VI of 1886.

S. 19.—Every Registrar of Births and Deaths, on receipt of notice of a birth or death within the local area or among the class for which he is appointed shall, if the

† Name in full. †† Enter date. ‡‡ Enter the name of town or village.
§ Enter mother's name. ¶ Enter father's name.

notice is given within the prescribed time and in the prescribed mode by a person authorised by this Act to give the notice, forthwith make an entry of the birth or death in the proper register book :

Provided that—

(*a*) if he has reason to believe the notice to be in any respect false, he may refuse to register the birth or death until he receives an order from the Judge of the District Court directing him to make the entry and prescribing the manner in which the entry is to be made : and

(*b*) he shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of an illegitimate child, unless at the request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father of the child.

S. 20.—Any of the following persons may give notice of a birth namely :—

(*a*) the father or mother of the child ;

(*b*) any person present at the birth ;

(*c*) any person occupying at the time of the birth any part of the house wherein the child was born and having knowledge of the child having been born in the house ;

(*d*) any medical practitioner in attendance after the birth and having personal knowledge of the birth having occurred ;

(*e*) any person having charge of the child.

S. 22.—(*1*) When an entry of a birth or death has been made by the Registrar of Births and Deaths under section 19, the person giving notice of the birth or death must sign the entry in the register in the presence of the Registrar :

Provided that it shall not be necessary for the person giving notice to attend before the Registrar or to sign the entry in the register if he has given such notice in writing and has furnished to the satisfaction of the Registrar such evidence of his identity as may be required by any Rules made by the State Government in this behalf.

(*2*) Until the entry has been so signed or the conditions specified in the proviso to sub-section (*1*) have been complied with, the birth or death shall not be deemed to be registered under this Act.

(*3*) When the birth of an illegitimate child is registered, and the mother and the person acknowledging himself to be the father of the child jointly request that that person may be registered as the father, the mother and that person must both sign the entry in the register in the presence of the Registrar.

S. 23.—The Registrar of Births and Deaths shall, on application made at the time of registering any birth or death by the person giving notice of the birth or death and on payment by him of the prescribed fee, give to the applicant a certificate in the prescribed form, signed by the Registrar, of having registered the birth or death.

Rules under Act VI of 1886.

Rule 2.—Notices of births and deaths shall be in the forms set forth in Schedule A and Schedule B respectively.

N.B.—The fee payable under section 23 for a certificate of registration of a birth or death is one Rupee.

Rule 3.—Every such notice shall be signed by the person giving it, and shall specify the capacity in which the person claims to be authorised to give it.

Rule 3A.—The notice shall be presented to the Registrar in person unless

(*i*) the signature of the person giving the notice is known to the Registrar, or

(*ii*) the signature on the notice has been duly authenticated by (*a*) a Magistrate under his signature and official seal or (*b*) by a gazetted officer of Government whose signature is known to the Registrar.

Rule 4.—Every such notice shall ordinarily be presented to the Registrar for the local area in which the birth or death occurred within three months of the date of the birth or death to which it refers, as the case may be :

Provided that the Registrar may, of his own authority, for any reason which he considers sufficient, accept notice of a birth or death at any time within six months from the date of its occurrence and with the special sanction in writing of the Registrar-General after that time.

Rule 7.—When a birth or death has occurred during a journey,

or when the person giving notice of birth or death was compelled, by duty or urgent necessity or unavoidable accident, to leave the local area in which such birth or death occurred so soon after its occurrence that he was unable to give the prescribed notice to the Registrar for that local area,

any Registrar may receive notice of such birth or death and register the same as if it were a birth or death which had occurred within the local area for which he has been appointed.

SCHEDULE B.

Notice of Death.

To the Registrar of Births and Deaths for.....

I, (*) hereby give notice for the purposes of section 19 of Act VI of 1886 that on (†) at (‡) (§) died of.....

The deceased was by race and by religion and by occupation and was aged years.

The deceased's father (*) $\frac{\text{is}}{\text{was}}$ by race and by religion and by occupation

The deceased's mother (*) $\frac{\text{is}}{\text{was}}$ by race and by religion

‖The deceased's husband (*) $\frac{\text{is}}{\text{was}}$ by race and by religion

---

* Name in full. † Enter date. ‡ Enter the name of town or village.
§ Enter name, surname, etc., of deceased. ‖ If deceased was a married woman or a widow,

(*c*) any person occupying at the time of the death any part of the house wherein the death occurred and having knowledge of the deceased having died in the house ;

(*d*) any person in attendance during the last illness of the deceased ;

(*e*) any person who has seen the body of the deceased after death.

S. 22.—(*1*) When an entry of a birth or death has been made by the Registrar of Births and Deaths under section 19, the person giving notice the birth or death must sign the entry in the register in the presence of the Registrar :

Provided that it shall not be necessary for the person giving notice to attend before the Registrar or to sign the entry in the register if he has given such notice in writing and has furnished to the satisfaction of the Registrar such evidence of his identity as may be required by any Rules made by the State Government in this behalf.

(*2*) Until the entry has been so signed or the conditions specified in the proviso to sub-section (*1*) have been complied with the birth or death shall not be deemed to be registered under this Act.

* * * * * * *

S. 23.—The Registrar of Births and Deaths shall, on application made at the time of registering any birth or death by the person giving notice of the birth or death and on payment by him of the prescribed fee, give to the applicant a certificate in the prescribed form, signed by the Registrar, of having registered the birth or death.

Rules under Act VI of 1886.

Rule 2.—Notices of Births and Deaths shall be in the forms set forth in Schedule A and Schedule B respectively.

Rule 3.—Every such notice shall be signed by the person giving it, and shall specify the capacity in which the person claims to be authorised to give it.

Rule 3-A.—The notice shall be presented to the Registrar in person unless—

(*i*) the signature of the person giving the notice is known to the Registrar, or

(*ii*) the signature on the notice has been duly authenticated by (*a*) a Magistrate under his signature and official seal or (*b*) by a gazetted officer of Government whose signature is known to the Registrar.

Rule 4.—Every such notice shall ordinarily be presented to the Registrar for the local area in which the birth or death occurred within three months of the date of the birth or death to which it refers, as the case may be :

Provided that the Registrar may, of his own authority, for any reason which he considers sufficient, accept notice of a birth or death at any time within six months from the date of its occurrence and with the special sanction in writing of the Registrar General after that time.

Rule 7.—When a birth or death has occurred during a journey,

N.B.—The fee payable under section 23 for a certificate of registration of a birth or death is one Rupee.

and by occupation
I am qualified under section 21 of Act VI of 1886 to give notice of this death inasmuch as I _____
I have satisfied myself of the truth of all the facts above stated.

For provisions of section 21 of Act VI of 1886, see page *infra*.

Date. Signature.....
Occupation.....
Residence.....

When the signature of the person giving notice is not known to the Registrar, the following certificate should be filled up :—

I, ( ), being a Magistrate exercising jurisdiction / Gazetted officer of Government in the in _____ Department, hereby certify that affixed his signature above in my presence and that the said is known to me.

Seal of Magistrate.

.....
.....
Signature and
Designation of certifying Officer

The following extracts from Act VI of 1886 and the Rules framed thereunder are printed below for public information :—

Act VI of 1886.

S. 19.—Every Registrar of Births and Deaths, on receipt of notice of a birth or death within the local area or among the class for which he is appointed shall, if the notice is given within the prescribed time and in the prescribed mode by a person authorised by this Act to give the notice, forthwith make an entry of the birth or death in the proper register book :

Provided that—

(*a*) if he has reason to believe the notice to be in any respect false, he may refuse to register the birth or death until he receives an order from the Judge the District Court directing him to make the entry and prescribing the manner in which the entry is to be made ;

* * * * * * *

S. 21.—Any of the following persons may give notice of a death, namely :—

(*a*) any relative of the deceased having knowledge of any of the particulars required to be registered concerning the death ;

(*b*) any person present at the death ;

or when the person giving notice of a birth or death was compelled by duty or urgent necessity or unavoidable accident, to leave the local area in which such birth or death occurred so soon after its occurrence that he was unable to give the prescribed notice to the Registrar for that local area,

any Registrar may receive notice of such birth or death, and register the same as if it were a birth or death which had occurred within the local area for which he has been appointed.

SCHEDULE C.

Register of Births.

(Rule 6.)

1. Serial number.
2. Date of birth.
3. Place of birth.
4. Name, if any.
5. Sex.
6. Name, race, religion and occupation of father.
7. Name, race and religion of mother.
8. Signature, description and residence of person giving notice. (*Signature to appear only when the notice is presented personally to Registrar.*)
9. Signature, description and residence of mother, and person acknowledging himself to be father [*column only to be used in the case referred to in section 19, proviso (b), and section 22, sub-section (3)*].
10. Reason why notice was not given to Registrar within whose local area birth occurred (*column only to be used in the case of a birth registered under Rule 7*).
11. Date of registration.
12. Signature of Registrar.
13. Rectification of error in entry.

SCHEDULE D.

Register of Deaths.

(Rule 6.)

1. Serial number.
2. Date of death.
3. Place of death.
4. Name, sex, race, religion and occupation of deceased.
5. Name, race, religion and occupation of parents of deceased.
6. When deceased was a married woman or a widow, name, race, religion and occupation of the husband or late husband.

7. Age of deceased.
8. Cause of death.
9. Signature, description and residence of person giving notice. (*Signature to appear only when the notice is presented personally to Registrar.*)
10. Reason why notice was not given to Registrar within whose local area death occurred (*column only to be used in the case of a death registered under Rule 7*).
11. Date of registration.
12. Signature of Registrar.
13. Rectification of error in entry.

SCHEDULE E.

Certificate of Registration of Birth or Death.

(Rule 11.)

Certified that I have this day registered the birth (*or* death) to which the entry in the Register of Briths (*or* Deaths) of which a true copy is above written, relates.

Dated the of

A.B.,
Registrar of Births and Deaths
for (*local area or class*).

SCHEDULE F.

Register of Certificates of Registration or copies of entries granted.

(Rule 13.)

1. Serial number.
2. Name and residence of person applying for certificate or copy.
3. Date of application.
4. Nature of certificate or copy granted.
5. Date of grant of certificate or copy.
6. Fee paid.
7. Initials of Registrar.
8. Remarks.

SCHEDULE G.

Certificate of truth of copies of entries sent to Registrar-General.

(Rule 14.)

Certified that the above, which contains entries from No. regarding to No. regarding , is a true copy of all the entries in the Register of Births (or Register of Deaths, *as the case may be*) kept by me for the three months ending day of 19

Dated the of

(Signature)
Registrar of Births and Deaths
for (*local area or class*).

SCHEDULE H.

Index of certified copies of Registers of Births.

(Rule 15.)

Name and sex.
Father's name.
Date.
Place.
Reference to certified copy of Register.

SCHEDULE I.

Index of certified copies of Registers of Deaths.

(Rule 15.)

Name and sex.
Father's name.
Date.
Place.
Reference to certified copy of Register.

SCHEDULE J.

Index of certified copies of entries of Marriages.

(Rule 15.)

Name of (husband) (wife).
Date.
Place.
Reference to certified copy of entry.

SCHEDULE K.

Fees leviable under Sections 8, 23 and 25 of the Act.

(Rule 19.)

	Rs.	a.	p.
(*i*) Under section 8 for inspection of indexes in the office of a Registrar-General—			
(*a*) for the first year	1	0	0
(*b*) for every additional year, four annas up to a maximum for one inspection of	5	0	0
(*ii*) Under section 8 for each copy of an entry in a certified copy of a register in the office of a Registrar-General ...	1	0	0
(*iii*) Under section 23 for a certificate of registration of birth or death	1	0	0
(*iv*) Under section 25 for search in a register of births or deaths—			
(*a*) for the first year	1	0	0
(*b*) for every additional year, four annas up to a maximum for one search of	5	0	0
(*v*) Under section 25 for each copy of an entry given by a Registrar	1	0	0

SCHEDULE L.

Register of fees.

(Rule 20.)

1. Serial number.
2. Date of receipt.
3. From whom received.
4. On what account received.
5. Section of Act under which chargeable.
6. Amount of fee.
7. Signature of Registrar-General or officer authorised under section 9 of the Act (or Registrar, *as the case may be*).
8. Signature of Treasury official, and date of receipt in Treasury.
9. Remarks.

S. 35 (2) **G. N., G. D., No. 1939 dated 23rd May 1894 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 465).**

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*2*) of section 35 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886, the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the respective officers and persons in whose custody the registers and records referred to in sub-section (*1*) of the said section are kept, in accordance with rules for the time being in force under clause (*f*) of section 36 of the said Act, to certify such copies of entries in those registers or records as are required by sub-section (*1*) of section 35 of the said Act to be given to persons applying for them.

S. 35 (2) **G. N., G. D., No. 1878-A, dated 10th May 1895 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 579).**

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (*2*) of section 35 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the Sub-Registrar of Bombay under Act III of 1887 to certify, in the absence from the City of Bombay of the Registrar-General of Births, Deaths and Marriages, all such copies of entries in registers and records referred to in sub-section (*1*) of the said section as are by the said section required to be given to persons applying for them.

S. 35A (1) **G. of I., H. D., Notn. No. 1557, 20th Oct. 1890, republished in G. N., G. D., No. 4342, dated 29th Oct. 1890 (B. G., Pt. I, p. 1085).**

In exercise of the power conferred by section 35A (*1*) of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, VI of 1886, as amended by Act XVI of 1890, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned persons to be Commissioners for the purpose of examining and verifying

the registers or records which have already been, or may hereafter be, sent under section 32 to the Registrar-General of Births, Deaths and Marriages for the Bombay Presidency :—

The Registrar General of Births, Deaths and Marriages for the Bombay Presidency.

The Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, Bombay.

The Registrar of the Bombay Diocese.

S. 36 (a)

G. of I., H. D., Notn. No. 296, 26th Oct. 1894, republished in G. N., G. D., No. 4053, dated 31st Oct. 1894.

Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 8647, dated 20th May 1938.
Amended by G. N., G. D., No. 8647 (b), dated 13th August 1938.

In continuation of the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department No. 1173, dated the 19th July 1888, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to publish the following rules under section 36 (*a*) *of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, VI of 1886.

1. The following fees shall be payable under section 35 of the said Act, namely :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
For inspection of the descriptive list of registers or records delivered to the Registrar-General by Commissioners appointed under Chapter V of the said Act	1	0	0
For each copy of an entry in any register or record described in the above-mentioned descriptive lists	1	0	0

Provided that warrant officers and other ranks of the Armed Forces of the Union shall be exempted from the payment of the foregoing fees, when the same are payable to a Registrar-General or a Government servant who is not a minister of religion.

Provided further that a Department of the Government of Bombay shall also be exempt from the payment of the foregoing fees.

2. When fees payable under the foregoing rule are received by a Registrar-General or any person being a Government servant and not a minister of religion having the custody of any such registers or records as aforesaid, they shall be entered in a register and otherwise treated, as if they were fees realised under the rules published under the Notification No. 1173, dated 19th July 1888, above referred to. When such fees are received by any other person, they may be retained by such person.

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* The powers under this section now vest in the State Government.